



Industrial battery chargers, power supplies and controls

Guardian series

UL/CSA Approved Automatic Battery Chargers INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

THIS MANUAL REFERS TO THE FOLLOWING MODULES

G1501210
G3001220
G3002410
G6002420
EG1501210
EG3001220
EG3002410
EG6002420



For safe and correct use of these chargers, read and save the safety information that precedes the installation and operation instructions.

This guide contains 8 pages (including this one). If any pages are missing, contact the battery charger supplier or manufacturer for replacement documentation.







Guardian, open frame (G series)

Enclosed Guardian (EG series)



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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION – READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for models G150, G300, G600, EG150, EG300 and EG600.

- Do not expose the battery charger to rain, snow or wet environments.
- The use of any attachment not recommended or sold by the battery charger manufacturer may result in risk of fire, electric shock or injury to persons.
- Do not operate charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way: return to supplier.
- Do not disassemble the charger: return to supplier when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.

WARNING – RISK OF EXPLOSIVE GASES

WORKING IN THE VICINITY OF A LEAD ACID BATTERY IS DANGEROUS. BATTERIES GENERATE EXPLOSIVE GASES DURING NORMAL BATTERY OPERATION.

To reduce the risk of battery explosion, follow these instructions and those published by the battery manufacturers and the manufacturer of any equipment you intend to use in the vicinity of the battery. Review cautionary marking on these products and any attached equipment.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS.

- (i) Someone should be within range of your voice or close enough to come to your aid when you work near a lead-acid battery.
- (ii) Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing or eyes.
- (iii) Wear complete eye protection and clothing protection. Avoid touching eyes whilst working near batteries.
- (iv) If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, wash immediately with soap and water. If acid enters eyes, immediately flood eyes with running cold water for at least 10 minutes and get immediate medical attention.
- (v) NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in vicinity of battery.
- (vi) Be extra cautious to reduce risk of dropping a metal tool on to the battery. It may spark or short-circuit the battery or other electrical part that may cause explosion.
- (vii) Remove personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces and watches when working with a lead-acid battery. A lead-acid battery can produce a short-circuit current high enough to weld a ring or the like to metal, causing a severe burns.
- (viii) Use the charger only for charging batteries as stated on the charger. Do not use the battery charger for charging dry-cell batteries that are commonly used with home appliances. These batteries may burst and cause injury to persons and damage to property.
- (ix) NEVER CHARGE A FROZEN BATTERY

PRIOR TO INSTALLATION /COMMISSIONING

- Clean battery terminals. Be careful to keep corrosion from coming into contact with eyes.
- Add distilled water in each cell until the battery acid reaches a level specified by battery manufacturer. This helps purge
 excessive gas from the cell. Do not overfill. For a battery without cell caps, carefully follow manufacturer's recharging
 instructions.
- Study all battery manufacturer's specific precautions, such as removing or not removing cell caps while charging and recommended rates of charge.
- Determine the voltage of battery by referring to engine manual and ensure this matches the charger's output voltage.

CHARGER LOCATION AND CONNECTION

- Never place the charger directly above battery being charged: gases from the battery will corrode and damage the charger.
- Never allow battery acid to drip on to the charger when reading specific gravity or filling battery.
- Do not operate the charger in a closed-in area or restrict ventilation in any way.
- The battery charger should be connected to a grounded, metal, permanent wiring system; or an equipment–grounding conductor should be run with circuit conductors not connected to equipment-grounding terminal on the battery charger.
 Connections to the battery charger should comply with all local codes and ordinances.
- G150, G300 & G600 these battery chargers should be installed so that they are not likely to be contacted by people.
- EG150, EG300 & EG600 the AC wiring should be independent of the DC and alarm wiring. Use 2x 2.5mm (total wire \emptyset =5mm²) or larger wire for DC (charger to battery) leads. Use $2.5mm^2$ or larger for input and ground connections.

For safe and correct use of the charger, follow the following steps. Should you have any problems or the unit does not function as expected, consult our troubleshooting guide at the end of these instructions.

- Visually inspect unit for any signs of damage, caused by transport or storage.
- Mount the charger as outlined above, paying attention to ambient temperature.
- Ensure the mains AC supply is isolated, and ensure the correct rated input voltage before connection.
- Ensure the charger is earthed at the marked earth stud.
- Check batteries in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines.
- Check that the charger is correct for battery type and voltage.
- Connect the charger to the batteries, observing correct polarity and ensuring a secure and tight connection.
- Switch on charger at the mains AC supply.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Please read the following before installing. A visual inspection of this product for damage during shipping is recommended before installation. It is your responsibility to ensure that qualified mechanical and electrical technicians install this product. Failure to follow the recommended installation instructions will invalidate the product warranty. If in doubt, please contact your local Computronic representative.



- Disconnect all electrical power to the charger
- Make sure the charger cannot operate during installation
- ✓ Follow all safety warnings of the battery manufacturer
- Read and follow all installation instructions

Description & operation

The Guardian range provides automatic, current limited and voltage controlled charging of vented lead acid, sealed lead acid or NiCd batteries. The units may be used in a wide range of industrial charging applications, including standby engines, pumps and generators.

Each charger consists of a transformer, rectifier and thyristor control circuit. The Guardian range is available as either an open frame module for mounting in an enclosed panel, or as a wall-mounted enclosure with DC charge ammeter and voltmeter. (*Note: In the event of no AC supply* to the charger, the voltmeter displays the DC voltage of the battery or connected DC equipment.)

Electrical connection of the AC supply, battery and (boost/alarm) control circuits is via spring-clamp terminals. (For more information on these terminals, see Computronic Controls Product Change Ref: CCL PC Release 1 – April 2003)

Float charge operation

In normal charging mode, the Guardian maintains the battery at a pre-calibrated float voltage (see table right), while supplying any additional DC load up to the specified current limit (see Specification right).

When fully charged, a battery will only accept the charge required to replace internal losses (approx. 1mA per AH of battery). E.g. for a system with a 1 Amp standing load and a fully charged 50 AH lead acid battery, Guardian will typically supply 1.05 Amps.

Auto boost (equalising) operation

Auto boost operation gives a temporary increase in output voltage (see table right), equalising the charge between cells and maximising battery capacity and service life. Once the batteries have reached the boost voltage level, Guardian automatically reverts to its normal float charge mode, preventing battery over-charge and gassing.

Auto boost is triggered automatically when the battery falls below a preset voltage. An Auto Boost cycle can also be manually initiated (regardless of battery voltage) by linking two 'boost' terminals, e.g. via a panel switch or push-button.

Temperature compensation

For both lead acid and NiCd batteries, the optimum charge voltage varies with ambient temperature. On all Guardian models, circuit board links allow output compensation to be disabled, or enabled with an on-board temperature sensor, or enabled with a remote sensor (RTC option, with 3 metre lead for mounting on or near the battery). With this feature

Product specification

power supply:	
operating voltages	110 – 120 VAC ±6% or
operating frequency	230 VAC ±10% (specify) 50 or 60 Hz (specify)
DC charge output:	
nominal voltage	12 or 24 V DC
float / boost voltages	see table below
maximum current limit:	
(E)G150-12V, (E)G300-24V (E)G300-12V, (E)G600-24V	
voltage ripple	< 1%
alarm outputs:	
charge fail, low volts & high volts relays	SPDT volt free contacts
contact rating	1A @ 30 V DC (resistive load)
general:	
operating temperature	-10 to +55°C
dimensions	see 'dimensions/assembly' overleaf
weight	see 'dimensions/assembly' overleaf
EMC emission / immunity	EN61000-6-4 / EN61000-6-2

Output calibration

Battery	v type	float volts (V DC)	boost volts (V DC)
12V	Vented lead acid (6 cells)	13.5	14.1
	Calcium-Calcium (6 cells)	13.8	15.6
	VRLA, AGM (6 cells)	13.5	14.4
	VRLA, Gel (6 cells)	13.5	13.8
	NiCd (10 cells)	14.1	14.5
24V	Vented Lead acid (12 cells)	27.0	28.2
	Calcium-Calcium (12 cells)	27.6	31.2
	VRLA, AGM (12 cells)	27.0	28.8
	VRLA, Gel (12 cells)	27.0	27.6
	NiCd (18 cells)	25.6	26.1
	NiCd (20 cells)	28.2	29.0

Note: Calibration figures at 20 deg C. Output voltage automatically decreases by 3mV per cell per 1°C increase in temperature.

enabled, output voltage decreases as ambient temperature increases at a rate of 3mV/°C/cell (see calibration table above for figures at 20°C).

Alarm outputs

Guardian provides 3 x NFPA110 compliant alarm relay outputs: battery low volts and battery high volts (each with a 120 sec delay), and charge fail.

Warranty and servicing

Guardian chargers are supplied with a 2 year warranty on parts and workmanship.



WARNING: Guardian battery chargers contain no user serviceable parts, and should be returned to the supplier in the event of failure.

No attempt should be made to repair the charger. Any attempt to do so may invalidate warranties, cause damage to the charger and equipment, and result in serious personal injury.

DIMENSIONS AND ASSEMBLY



CAUTION: When handling chargers, care should be taken not to place excessive weight or strain on either the heatsink, circuit boards, transformer or connecting wires. The units should be handled by the transformer frame (open frame models) or steel enclosure (enclosed models). Care should also be taken not to handle static sensitive components on the circuit board.



- These chargers are designed for mounting on a vertical facia or plate inside a control panel or housing. For safe heat dissipation, mount the product in the orientation shown with a minimum air-gap clearance of 40mm above/below and 25mm at sides. Consideration must be given to ventilation for proper heat dissipation.
- 4 chassis slots (Ø 6mm) are provided for mounting. Ensure that the mounting studs/bolts/nuts/screws adequately support the charger weight, and are tightened sufficiently to not to become loose during normal use (e.g. due to engine/equipment vibration).



- These chargers are designed for wall or frame mounting in the orientation shown above, with enclosure air vents uppermost. For safe heat dissipation, allow a minimum airgap clearance of 40mm above/below and 25mm at sides. Adequate consideration should be given to ventilation for proper heat dissipation.
- Mounting is via the enclosure back-plate, using 2 slots (Ø 6mm) on the back-plate lower edge and 2 holes (Ø 6mm) on the upper edge. Ensure that the mounting studs/bolts/nuts/screws adequately support the charger weight, and are tightened sufficiently to not to work loose during normal use (e.g. due to engine/equipment vibration).
- Access to the electrical connection terminals is via hinged sections on the front facia. Remove the 4 x securing screws (marked F above), and rotate the upper and lower sections through 90 degrees.
- Electrical cable entry is via knock-outs on either side of the enclosure, which must be carefully removed from the enclosure sides. A suitable cable-gland (20 mm / 0.8" diam.) must be used to prevent damage to cables and stop unwanted entry into inner part of charger.
- Connect the charger wiring as detailed in the following section, "Electrical connection". When wiring is complete, and before using the charger, re-secure the hinged sections using the 4 fixing screws.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



WARNING: DANGER OF INJURY OR DEATH. During normal operation, Guardian is connected to high voltage AC circuits. Before connection, disconnection or handling of these chargers, ensure isolation of all AC power supplies. Connection or disconnection with live wiring can also cause hazardous sparking and component damage.

General

Electrical connection is via labelled spring-clamp terminals on the Guardian circuit board.

For G150/G300/G600 (open chassis) models: -

AC supply Alarm outputs Boost link DC fuse



For EG150/EG300/EG600 (enclosed) models, remove the upper 2 screws on the panel front facia (on the plate containing product labelling), then rotate the front plate upwards to expose the electrical terminals. Compared with the open-chassis version above, note the reverse orientation of the EG series terminals:



Spring-clamp terminal connection is as follows:



Strip and position the wire just before clamp spring and the clamping unit.

insert the wire into the clamp.

Press down on the Release the clamp spring and check that the wire is secure.

DC Output



- Before DC connection or disconnection:
- Ensure AC supply input is isolated. Disconnecting the batteries while the AC supply is live can result in sparking at the battery terminals, ignition of battery gasses and serious personal injury.
- Check that the charger output is compatible with battery type & voltage. Incompatibility may result in damage to the charger, batteries and serious personal injury.

Connect the Guardian output to the battery terminals, observing the warnings above and the correct DC polarity.

The Guardian DC charge output uses an automotive type fuse for protection of reverse polarity and short-circuit faults. In the event of these faults, isolate the AC supply and disconnect the output terminals. Ensure the external fault has been corrected, replace the fuse (see product labelling for the correct rating), then re-connect and switch on the charger. If the fuse continues to blow, return the charger to the supplier for evaluation.

Boost Initiate

The Guardian Auto Boost feature provides an automatic increase in output voltage, as described on page 3. In addition, the operator can manually initiate a single Auto Boost cycle (at any time, regardless of battery voltage), by linking the 2 terminals marked 'boost', e.g. using a momentary push button or panel switch.

Alarm outputs: Charge Fail, Low Volts, High Volts

Guardian is fitted with three alarm relay outputs, each with SPDT volt-free contacts, rated 1 Amp max. at 30V DC.

During normal operation:

- Charge fail and low volts relays are energised (COM closes to NO contact).
- The high volts relay is de-energised (COM closes to NC contact).

During fault conditions:

- The charge fail relay de-energises immediately following a charging fault, e.g. loss of mains supply.
- The low volts relay de-energises on low battery voltage, and the high volts relay energises on high battery voltage. A 120 second delay applies to both relays, allowing for normal battery voltage fluctuations (e.g. caused by engine cranking).

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION (cont.)

Temperature Compensation & RTC option

All Guardian models include circuit board pin-header links that allow configuration of the temperature compensation feature, i.e. the automatic adjustment of charge voltage according to measured ambient temperature.

When the circuit board is viewed component side up, with connectors and fuses uppermost, the 3 pairs of links (ident label "PL7") are located at the lower right corner of the board:



Guardian is supplied with a link across one vertical pair of pin-headers (see default settings below). To reconfigure the temperature compensation, use small, long-nosed pliers to remove and refit the link:

Link position ident	Operation
NON	None. This is the default configuration for standard Guardians without the RTC option remote sensor. With this configuration, the charge output voltage does not vary with ambient temperature.
	Use this option if the batteries are maintained at a stable temperature around 20°C/68°F.
EXT	External. This is the default configuration for units supplied with the RTC option remote temperature sensor. In this mode, Guardian charge voltage automatically varies according to ambient temperature, as measured through the RTC remote sensor. For each °C increase in temperature, output voltage automatically decreases by 3mV per cell, e.g. by 18mV for a 12V (6 cell) lead acid battery pack.

The RTC sensor should be connected as close as practicable to the battery being charged. The sensor is supplied with a 3 Meter lead, wired to the Guardian circuit board through a pin-header connector (white connector J2 shown left, located just below the PL7 configuration links).

Use this option to give an optimum charge voltage when battery temperature deviates significantly from 20°C/68°F.

Internal. This configuration gives automatic charge voltage compensation similar to EXT above, but with temperature measured by an on-board sensor (instead of the RTC remote sensor).

Use this option if the battery temperature is likely to deviate significantly from 20°C, AND the charger remains at a similar temperature to the battery.



INT

WARNING: DO NOT use this option if the charger (i.e. sensor) and battery ambient temperatures are significantly different, e.g. batteries in a cool environment, with charger in a warmer, enclosed panel. (Note: the charger itself may cause significant ambient warming.)

AC Input (power supply)



Before AC connection, disconnection or fuse replacement:

- Isolate the AC supply
- Ensure a good earth connection to the earth stud on the charger's metal chassis.
- Ensure the AC supply voltage is compatible with the charger's supply rating. Exceeding the rated voltage may result in damage to the charger and connected equipment, and cause serious personal injury.

All Guardian models are fitted with mains AC input fuses, with ratings as labelled on each charger.

Typical Connection

Note: terminal orientation shown for Guardian (open-board); reverse orientation applies for Enclosed Guardian models



TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHART



CCL Guardian series installation and operation



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